

# ORCHIDACEAE

## NOTES ON SOUTH AFRICAN SPECIES OF *HOLOTHRIX*

***Holothrix filicornis* Immelman & Schelpe, sp. nov.**, *H. scopularia* (Lindl.) Reichb. f. *affinis*, calcari longissimo, foliis scapisque glabris, spica non secundissima differt.

Folia glabra. *Scapus* ebracteatus, glaber, 65–260 mm longus. *Sepala* glabra, ovata, acuta, 1,5–2,0 mm longa, 0,5–1,0 mm lata, viridi-rubra. *Petala* triloba, 3,0–8,0 mm longa, 0,5–1,0 mm lata, viridi-alba, lobis filiformibus, paulum carnosus. *Labellum* quinquelobum, 4,5–9,0 mm longum, 1,5–2,5 mm latum, viridi-album, lobis filiformibus, paulum carnosus. *Calcar* conicum, dependens vel leviter incurvatum, 7–11 mm longum.

**TYPE.**—Cape, 2917 (Springbok): 23 km west of Springbok (—DB), Acocks 19269 (BOL, holo.; PRE; K).

Leaves glabrous. Scape glabrous, without bracts, 65–260 mm long. Ovary twisted, green tinged with red. Sepals glabrous, ovate, acute, 1,5–2,0 × 0,5–1,0 mm, green tinged with red. Petals with three filiform, slightly carnose lobes comprising  $\frac{1}{2}$ – $\frac{2}{3}$  of the total petal length, 3,0–8,0 × 0,5–1,0 mm, white tinged with green. Lip slightly carnose, divided into five filiform lobes, lobes comprising  $\frac{2}{3}$ – $\frac{3}{4}$  of the total lip length, lip 4,5–9,0 × 1,5–2,5 mm, greenish white. Spur conical, curved, pendulous, 1,25–2,0 times the length of the lip, 7–11 mm long.

This species appears to be confined to northern Namaqualand. It grows in rock crevices and on stony slopes; flowering from June to September.

**CAPE.**—2816 (Oranjemund): south-western Richtersveld (—BB) Williamson 2562 (BOL); Williamson 2565 (BOL). 2817 (Vioolsdrif): north-east end of Paradysberg (—AC), Tölken 3293 (BOL); Richtersveld, Stinkfontein, south-west of Zylrus, upper eastern slopes on summit of ridge (—CA), Oliver, Tölken & Venter 652; Richtersveld, Cornelsberg in Stinkfontein mountains, in main large kloof, on east side below beacon (—CA), Oliver, Tölken & Venter 702. 2917 (Springbok): Richtersveld, Karoegapoort, 9 km south of Lekkersing, main hill north of poort, on north side (—AA), Oliver, Tölken & Venter 823; 23 km west of Springbok (—DB), Acocks 19269 (BOL; PRE; K).

*H. filicornis* appears to be most closely related to *H. scopularia* among the *Holothrix* species in South Africa, both having 3-lobed petals and a bractless scape. The petals in all other species with divided petals have a variable number of lobes. However, *H.*

*scopularia* is a high-montane species from the Drakensberg, and the two are also easily distinguished on the basis of the long spur, the glabrous leaves and scape, and the less strongly secund spike of *H. filicornis*.

The most striking character of this species is the relatively very long spur. Unfortunately the specific epithet *longicorne* has already been used in the genus, and so *filicornis* was chosen instead.

***Holothrix brevipetala* Immelman & Schelpe, sp. nov.**, *H. cernua* (Burm. f.) Schelpe *affinis*, petalis brevibus, lobis labii brevioribus et latioribus differt.

*H. hispidula* sensu Bolus, Ic. Orch. Austro-Afr. 3: t. 17 (1913) partly, excl. syn. L. f., Thunb.; Orch. Cape Penins. ed. 2: 20, t. 13 (1918) partly, excl. syn. L. f., Thunb.; Schltr. in Öst. bot. Z. (1898) 443, partly, excl. syn. L. f., Thunb.; non (L. f.) Dur. & Schinz.

*H. parvifolia* sensu Rolfe in Fl. Cap. 5,3: 103 (1913) partly, excl. syn. Thunb.; Bolus, Orch. Cape Penins. ed. 1: 115, t. 24 (1888); non Lindl.

Folia squamellis vel pilis crassis dense vestita. *Scapus* ebracteatus, crassus, 60–300 mm longus, pilis hispidis reflexis. *Sepala* dense pilosa, ovata, acuta, 1,0–2,5 mm longa, 0,5–1,5 mm lata, luteo-viridia, ad apicem carnosus. *Labellum* trilobum vel quinquelobum, 2,5–3,5 mm longum et latum, luteo-viride, interdum verrucosum (necnon petalum), lobis brevibus latis carnosus. *Calcar* conicum, leviter incurvatum, 1–2 mm longum.

**TYPE.**—Cape, 3324 (Steytlerville): Humansdorp, koppie above Oudebos (—CC), Jeppe in PRE 33391; holo., K.

Leaves densely covered with small squamules or stout hairs, sometimes withered at flowering. Scape with short, hispid, reflexed hairs, without bracts, stout, 60–310 mm. Sepals densely pilose, 1,0–2,5 mm. Petals undivided, carnose at the apices, 2,5–3,5 × 0,5–1,5 mm, yellow-green. Lip carnose, lip and petals sometimes warty, lip oval in shape with 3–5 short, broad lobes, 2,5–3,5 × 2,0–3,5 mm, yellow-green. Spur conical, slightly curved, 1,0–2,0 mm.

*H. brevipetala* occurs in the south-western Cape and in the southern Cape areas towards Port Eliza-

beth. It grows in sand and in shallow soil in rock-crevices and, though it can be found in flower from August to April, it usually flowers between October and January.

CAPE.—3318 (Cape Town): Waai Vlei, *Wolley-Dod* 2339 (BOL); Table Mountain summit, near Klaassenbosch (-CD), *Bolus & Sculley s.n.* (BOL; SAM); Top of Nursery Buttress (-CD), *Bruyns* 141/75 (NBG); Table Mountain, Echo Valley (-CD), *Compton* 8284 (NBG); Table Mountain, between Skeleton and Window Gorge (-CD), *Leighton* 750 (BOL); Table Mountain, summit (-CD), *Schlechter* 464 (BOL). 3319 (Worcester): near Elgin, between Grabouw and Paardeberg, (-AC), *Stokoe s.n.* (SAM); Paarl, Slanghoek mountains, Witteberg, northern-western side (-CA), *Wasserfall* 605 (NBG). 3324 (Steyterville): (-CC), *Jeppe* in PRE 33391. 3326 (Grahamstown): Coldstream (-BC), *Glass s.n.* (PRE). 3418 (Simonstown): Constantiaberg (-AB), *Compton* 15466 (NBG); Cape Point, Smith's Farm (-AD), *Compton* 6067 (NBG); mountain above Smits-winkelbaai (-AD), *Schlechter* 667 (BOL). 3419 (Caledon): Palmiet River Mountains, *Stokoe s.n.* (SAM). 3420 (Bredasdorp): Heidelberg, Nieuwpoort Peak (-BB), *Thorn s.n.* (SAM). 3423 (Knysna): Knysna (-AA), *Duthie s.n.* (BOL.) 3424 (Humansdorp); Tsitsikama, Ratel's Bosch, flats below road, *Fourcade* 583 (GRA).

This species has been misidentified as *H. hispidula* (L. f.) Dur. & Schinz which is based on *Sparrmann* 34 (LINN!); and as *H. parvifolia* Lindl., a superfluous name for *H. hispidula*. Both these names must be included as synonyms of the species *H. cernua* (Burm. f.) Schelpe, and a new name chosen for the species referred to by Bolus, Rolfe, Schlechter and other authors. *H. brevipetala* has been chosen because the species has short, broad petals (and lip-lobes) which characterize it and distinguish it from its close ally *H. cernua*.

***H. villosa* Lindl. var. *condensata* (Sond.) Immelman, stat. et comb. nov.**

*H. condensata* Sond. in Linnaea 19:76 (1848). Type: Cape, 3420 (Bredasdorp); Swellendam, in sand dunes (-AB), *Mund s.n.* (S; K).

*H. lithophila* Schltr. in Öst. bot. Z. (1898) 446; Engl. in Bot. Jb. 26: 331 (1898). Type: Cape, 3419 (Caledon): on mountain above Vogelgat lagoon (-AD), *Schlechter* 9556 (B†; one flower at K).

A number of characters appeared at first to separate *H. condensata* from *H. villosa*, i.e. denser spike, larger flowers and leaves, stouter scape, broader lip-lobes and longer, broader petals. However, on closer examination, these characters were all found to intergrade or at least to overlap. In their 'typical' forms the two taxa are separable, but numerous intermediate specimens make it difficult to uphold *H. condensata* as a separate species.

The distribution ranges of the two varieties overlap, with *H. condensata* tending to occupy damper habitats, and occurring almost exclusively (but not quite: see type) in rock crevices and on cliffs. *H. villosa* is also found in rock crevices but does occur frequently in other habitats, in fynbos, grassland, semi-arid areas, sandy areas under young wattles, and on roadsides. There is no difference in flowering time. *H. condensata* is therefore reduced to a variety of *H. villosa*.

***Holothrix parviflora* (Lindl.) Reichb. f. in Otia Bot. Hamb. 2: 119 (1881).** Type: Cape, 3323 (Willowmore); Swanepoelkoop Mountains (-BB), *Drège* 8276a (K).

*Tryphia parviflora* Lindl. in Hook. Comp. bot. Mag. 2: 209 (1836).

*T. secunda* Lindl. in Hook. Comp. bot. Mag. 2: 209 (1836), non *Orchis secunda* Thunb. (1823). Type: Cape, 3322 (Oudtshoorn); Koratara (Karatara?) (-DD), *Drège* s.m.; (K).

*Holothrix lindleyana* Reichb. f. in Otia Bot. Hamb. 2: 119 (1881). Type: as for *T. secunda* Lindl.

H. G. Reichenbach considered *Tryphia parviflora* Lindl. to be a separate species from *T. secunda* when he transferred both to *Holothrix*. However, the epithet *secunda* could not be used because of the existence of *H. secunda* (Thunb.) Reichb. f. (1823), and so he gave the species a new name, *H. lindleyana* Reichb. f.

*T. parviflora* was described by Lindley from a specimen said to differ from *T. secunda* Lindl. in being half the height and having flowers one quarter the size of *T. secunda*. The greater range of material available today shows that the two are linked by intermediate specimens and they are considered to be conspecific. The name *H. lindleyana* is therefore superfluous.

***H. incurva* Lindl. in Hook. Comp bot. Mag. 2: 207 (1836).**

*H. rupicola* Schltr. in Bot. Jb. 24: 419 (1897) syn. nov. Syntypes: summit of Mont-aux-Sources, *Thode* 6 (not seen), slopes of Mont-aux-Sources, *Flanagan* 11981 (BOL!).

***H. scopularia* (Lindl.) Reichb. f. in Otia Bot. Hamb. 2: 119 (1881).**

*H. multisecta* H. Bol. in J. Linn. Soc. Bot. 25: 170, 190, fig. 7 (1890), syn. nov. Type: Stockenstrom, Elandsberg summit, *Scully* 391 (K; BOL!).

***H. aspera* (Lindl.) Reichb. f. in Otia Bot. Hamb. 2: 119 (1881).**

*H. confusa* Rolfe in F. C. 5,3: 105 (1913), syn. nov. Syntypes: mountain sides about Clanwilliam, *Leipoldt* sub *Macowan* & *Bolus* s.n. (Herb. Norm. Aust. 1757); Blaauwberg, *Schlechter* 8465 (K; BOL!); near Oliphant's River Mountains, *Schlechter* 5036 (K); near Pielenierskloof and near Modderfontein, *Schlechter* 5077 (not seen); Hex River Valley, *Wolley-Dod* 4054 (K; BOL!).

***H. exilis* Lindl., Gen. et Sp. Orch. 283 (1835).**

*H. exilis* var. *brachylabris* (Sond.) H. Bol., Ic. Orch. Austro-Afr. 1: t.14, fig. A (1896), syn. nov. Type: Uitenhage, *Zeyher* s.n. (K).

***H. cernua* (Burm. f.) Schelpe in Orchid Rev. 74: 394 (1966).**

*H. squamulosa* Lindl. var. *scabra* Bol. in Trans. S. Afr. phil. Soc. 5,1: 114, t.23a (1888), syn. nov. Type: Cape Flats, sometimes on old thatched roofs near Rondebosch, *Bolus* 7022a (BOL!).

*H. squamulosa* Lindl. var. *hirsuta* H. Bol. ibid., syn. nov. Type: locality as above, *Bolus* 7022b (K; BOL!).

*H. squamulosa* Lindl. var. *glabra* H. Bol. ibid., syn. nov. Type: locality as above, *Bolus* 7022c (K; BOL!).

***H. culveri* H. Bol. in Trans. S. Afr. phil. Soc. 16: 147 (1905).**

*H. culveri* var. *integra* H. Bol. ibid., syn. nov. Type: Barberton, *Culver* 84a (K; BOL!).

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KATHLEEN IMMELMAN